

**SEX BY AGE BY COGNITIVE DIFFICULTY**  
**Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population 5 years and over**  
**2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates**

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Technical Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

**2017**  
**2016**  
**2015**  
**2014**  
**2013**  
**2012**  
**2011**  
**2010**  
**2009**  
**2008**

1 - 33 of 33	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	663,261	+/-2,517
Male:	340,050	+/-2,781
5 to 17 years:	67,704	+/-1,506
With a cognitive difficulty	2,832	+/-895
No cognitive difficulty	64,872	+/-1,671
18 to 34 years:	90,812	+/-2,297
With a cognitive difficulty	5,502	+/-1,392
No cognitive difficulty	85,310	+/-2,402
35 to 64 years:	140,572	+/-1,986
With a cognitive difficulty	6,774	+/-1,458
No cognitive difficulty	133,798	+/-2,560
65 to 74 years:	29,319	+/-854
With a cognitive difficulty	1,156	+/-400
No cognitive difficulty	28,163	+/-984
75 years and over:	11,643	+/-556
With a cognitive difficulty	1,485	+/-501
No cognitive difficulty	10,158	+/-763
Female:	323,211	+/-2,016
5 to 17 years:	64,201	+/-1,491
With a cognitive difficulty	1,137	+/-665
No cognitive difficulty	63,064	+/-1,633
18 to 34 years:	84,410	+/-1,463
With a cognitive difficulty	3,058	+/-1,061
No cognitive difficulty	81,352	+/-1,526
35 to 64 years:	134,050	+/-1,486
With a cognitive difficulty	6,015	+/-1,593
No cognitive difficulty	128,035	+/-2,251
65 to 74 years:	27,107	+/-802
With a cognitive difficulty	1,344	+/-550
No cognitive difficulty	25,763	+/-1,047
75 years and over:	13,443	+/-590
With a cognitive difficulty	2,283	+/-652
No cognitive difficulty	11,160	+/-822

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

**Explanation of Symbols:**

An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the [Evaluation Report Covering Disability](#).

While the 2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.